

Past/Present Hepatitis C by Year of Report, WV, 2012-2015 * (n=21,344)

Jurisdiction	2012		2013		2014		2015		Jurisdiction	2012		2013		2014		2015	
	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000		Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000	Number of Cases	Rate per 100,000
Barbour	23	138.6	47	283.3	82	494.3	65	389.1	Mineral	29	102.8	12	42.5	32	113.4	37	134.8
Berkeley	121	116.2	194	186.2	267	256.3	353	315.5	Mingo	65	242.2	72	268.3	119	443.4	129	510.0
Boone	60	243.6	68	276.1	82	332.9	75	320.9	Monongalia	109	113.3	45	46.8	109	113.3	157	150.6
Braxton	54	371.8	83	571.5	79	544.0	59	409.3	Monroe	22	162.9	16	118.5	38	281.4	37	274.0
Brooke	36	149.6	53	220.2	47	195.3	28	119.9	Morgan	7	39.9	17	96.9	22	125.4	36	205.4
Cabell	238	247.1	414	429.8	615	638.5	426	439.9	Nicholas	79	301.1	75	285.9	103	392.6	95	371.2
Calhoun	4	52.4	5	65.6	10	131.1	13	174.0	Ohio	44	99.0	55	123.8	89	200.3	107	248.5
Clay	17	181.1	20	213.1	38	404.9	41	460.2	Pendleton	6	78.0	14	181.9	5	65.0	6	83.0
Doddridge	14	170.7	22	268.2	25	304.8	34	415.9	Pleasants	14	184.1	19	249.8	11	144.6	37	482.1
Fayette	135	293.2	172	373.6	207	449.6	197	437.8	Pocahontas	17	195.0	10	114.7	24	275.3	24	278.8
Gilmer	10	115.0	9	103.5	107	1230.9	53	622.2	Preston	62	185.0	50	149.2	311	927.8	279	822.0
Grant	19	159.2	14	117.3	30	251.3	9	76.5	Putnam	86	155.0	71	128.0	138	248.7	96	168.9
Greenbrier	124	349.5	105	295.9	218	614.4	248	698.3	Raleigh	368	466.7	411	521.2	536	679.7	526	678.6
Hampshire	21	87.6	18	75.1	54	225.3	41	175.6	Randolph	71	241.5	34	115.6	80	272.1	94	322.7
Hancock	96	312.9	72	234.7	128	417.3	84	281.7	Ritchie	13	124.4	31	296.7	20	191.4	18	180.3
Hardy	15	107.0	11	78.4	31	221.0	21	151.6	Roane	11	73.7	11	73.7	19	127.3	25	173.2
Harrison	132	191.0	98	141.8	116	167.9	143	208.1	Summers	39	280.0	55	394.9	80	574.4	67	506.1
Jackson	29	99.3	35	119.8	42	143.8	56	191.5	Taylor	61	361.1	54	319.6	68	402.5	72	425.7
Jefferson	52	97.2	58	108.4	117	218.7	129	228.4	Tucker	9	126.0	4	56.0	12	168.0	1	14.4
Kanawha	517	267.8	611	316.5	797	412.8	654	347.3	Tyler	7	76.0	10	108.6	10	108.6	13	144.8
Lewis	26	158.8	22	134.4	27	164.9	43	261.4	Upshur	25	103.1	19	78.3	42	173.2	28	113.1
Lincoln	50	230.2	88	405.2	94	432.8	102	476.3	Wayne	48	113.0	65	153.0	109	256.6	171	417.4
Logan	81	220.5	155	421.8	210	571.5	217	625.2	Webster	32	349.6	24	262.2	29	316.8	23	262.7
Marion	89	157.8	45	79.8	80	141.8	80	140.5	Wetzel	21	126.6	25	150.8	23	138.7	20	126.5
Marshall	38	114.8	47	142.0	51	154.0	59	184.5	Wirt	5	87.5	1	17.5	2	35.0	10	170.1
Mason	126	461.1	114	417.2	160	585.6	153	565.9	Wood	92	105.8	126	144.9	139	159.9	199	230.2
McDowell	146	660.2	108	488.4	181	818.5	187	942.8	Wyoming	125	525.3	106	445.5	150	630.4	104	469.5
Mercer	261	419.2	265	425.6	396	636.0	366	598.4	West Virginia	4001	215.9	4385	236.6	6611	356.8	6347	344.2

* Rates were calculated per 100,000 population using 2010 U.S Census figures for years 2012-2014 and 2015 U.S Census estimate was used for year 2015

LIMITATIONS

- The values shown in this report are expressed as the rate of infection per 100,000 population as a way of making the figures comparable across counties with disparate populations.
- Due to a change in data systems in West Virginia in 2011, some of the cases of past/present hepatitis C have already been reported to public health in years prior to 2012. The past/present hepatitis C figures **should not** be viewed as incidence rates.
- West Virginia Electronic Disease Surveillance System is a passive surveillance system and some cases may not be reported, including West Virginia residents who may seek medical care outside of the state.
- Cases from correctional facilities in West Virginia are included in this report and may inflate the figures well above what would be seen in the general population at large.
- Many patients with hepatitis C are asymptomatic and do not seek medical care. Therefore, the numbers shown in this report may not reflect the true burden of these illnesses within the state.
- These figures are accurate as of June 30, 2016, but may be revised as new information becomes available to public health.